

SEDALIA WEEKLY BAZOO.

VOLUME 16.

SEDALIA, MO., TUESDAY, JULY 22, 1884.

NUMBER 11.

BALLOON ASCENSION

At Clinton Yesterday—Large Crowd and a Very Fine Time.

Clinton, Mo., July 19.—[Special.]—A large crowd of people assembled at the court house square here to-day, to witness the balloon ascension given by Prof. Price.

The day was fine, and the balloon being inflated, the professor took possession of his aerial car and at 2 o'clock ascended to an altitude of a half mile. The balloon traveled westward for about two miles and returned to terra firma in entire safety.

A purse of \$75 was then made up, and at 4 o'clock the professor and his balloon once more made a successful ascent. The entire affair was well managed, and the witnesses were much pleased.

Jefferson City Ratifies.

Jefferson City, July 19.—[Special.]—A rousing Cleveland and Hendricks ratification meeting was held here this evening. Gov. Crittenden, in response to a call, delivered one of the most enthusiastic and eloquent addresses ever listened to by the citizens of Jefferson City. Cheer after cheer greeted the governor through his entire speech, and more enthusiasm was shown than has been exhibited here since the Tilden campaign. He was followed by Attorney-General McIntyre and others.

No More for More.

Marshall, July 19.—[Special.]—Returns received from Elmwood, Miami, Cambridge, Arrow Rock, Salt Fork, Liberty and Blackwater townships give handsome majorities for the anti-More ticket. The other four townships have not yet been heard from but enough is known to insure the defeat of the More ticket.

LATER.

Marshall, July 19.—Midnight—Returns that are unofficial from the county have been received and More's friends claim the county convention Monday will stand as follows:

More delegates.....23
Heard delegates.....24
Cosgrove delegates.....16

Total number delegates.....63
The friends of More are blue and are hunting mourners.

Lamotte Ratifies.

Lamotte, July 19.—[Special.]—The largest gathering ever witnessed here took place this evening on the occasion of the ratification of the nominations of Cleveland and Hendricks. Over two thousand persons were present and the enthusiasm was unbounded. The brass band, fireworks, illumination, firing of anvils and a mammoth procession indulged in preliminary to the speaking. The meeting was addressed by Judge John A. Lacy, Charles E. Yeater, Geo. Longan and Geo. P. B. Jackson with patriotic speeches which set their audience wild with enthusiasm. Altogether, it was the grandest event in the history of the town.

Boonville Booms Cleveland.

Boonville, Mo., July 19.—[Special.]—At a very large and enthusiastic democratic meeting held at the court house to-night, a Cleveland and Hendricks campaign club was organized and nearly 200 members enrolled. A very large subscription for campaign expenses was taken up and the meeting adjourned after a speech from Hon. Tom Cranmer.

Break it Gently.

Blackburn, July 19.—[Special.]—I have carried this county—break it gently to the Sedalia Democrat. Yours,
JNO. T. HEARD.

HAPS AND MISHAPS.

Killed His Brother.

Mansfield, Pa., July 19.—Because Albert Wells interfered when his brother Barney struck a younger brother, Barney turned on Albert and beat him so badly that he will die. Barney has been arrested.

Lumber Destroyed.

Detroit, July 19.—Fire at Byers, Mecosta county, last night destroyed five million feet of lumber belonging to Oliver Deman. The mill and other property was saved. Loss between sixty and seventy thousand dollars. Insured for forty-six thousand.

Another Victim.

Toledo, O., July 19.—Another body was found in the burned scow Thatcher this morning, making two lives lost. The names of the victims are unknown. They are said to have been tramps who asked and obtained lodging on the boat last night. Both were burned beyond recognition. The ice houses and contents were valued at \$17,000, and were totally destroyed. Insured for \$10,000. The scow Thatcher was valued at \$2,500.

CRIMINAL CALENDAR.

A Devil's End.

Clifton Forge, Va., July 19.—At Iron Gate, Va., yesterday, Thomas Johnson, stripped his stepson and tied his hands to whip him. The boy escaped, ran to the river and jumped in. Johnson followed. The current was swift and both were drowned. The bodies were recovered last night.

Arrested For Forgery.

Jonesville, O. July 16.—Joseph Creeby, a leading citizen, was arrested to-day for forgery, upon complaint of W. H. Johnston. His method was to give notes with forged endorsements. The amount is said to reach \$10,000.

Disagreed.

Petersburg, Va., July 19.—The jury in the case of Thomas C. Davis, for the murder of John Dittman, disagreed. Davis was bailed until October.

THURMAN TALKS.

A Rousing Democratic Ratification Meeting at Columbus, Ohio.

A Scathing and Satirical Review of Blaine's Letter by Thurman.

Much Enthusiasm—An Immense Audience and Plain Talk.

Columbus, O., July 19.—About five thousand people attended the democratic ratification meeting at the east front of the capital this evening. John E. Thompson presided and read letters from gentlemen who had been invited to be present.

"Gov. Cleveland wrote: 'I thank you for your words of encouragement and assurance of a hearty support. I am convinced that the democracy of Columbus and the state of Ohio are determined to complete an organization which is absolutely essential to victory.'"

Gen. Durbip Ward wrote: "I regret I will be unable to attend the ratification meeting. I preferred Thurman to all other men for president and deeply regret his defeat. It was due him and an honor to Ohio that should have had a solid vote. For that I worked. Those who opposed it

OPPOSED THE POPULAR WILL of the party, and weakened and defeated Thurman by dividing the vote in favor of a candidate who had no following whatever outside or the state. That was a blunder 'worse,' as Tallyrand says, 'than a crime,' but we must condone all and give a hearty support to Cleveland, the nominee. With Thurman, Ohio was safe to the nominee; let us work and hope to make it so to Cleveland. The public welfare requires the defeat of Blaine. Ohio must do her share, bury the personal defeats, work for the cause. The latter word was received with demonstrations.

A letter was also read from Governor Hoadly, Secretary of State Newman and others.

JUDGE THURMAN

delivered the principal speech of the evening and was warmly greeted. He said: The spirit of our institutions, the welfare of the country and rights of the citizens of this great commonwealth all demand the republican party shall go. [Applause.] That there shall be a change of administration. [Applause.] The central idea of the democratic form of government is to prevent long continuance in office and what is true of the individual is true of the parties. The inevitable tendency of a long continuance of power is to create rings and leaders who at last from long continued success come to think

THE GOVERNMENT BELONGS TO THEM in perpetuity something like the divine rights. If ever two men were elected to the presidency and vice-presidency Tilden and Hendricks were elected, but they were deluded out of it by one of the most atrocious and blackest deeds which blacken our free form of government. [Applause.] The leaders of the republican party would never have dared to attempt such a crime if it had not been for their long continuance in power. In 1880 the election turned up on Indiana, then carried through one of the most stupendous and

CORRUPT SCHEMES that ever disgraced the annals of any country. The vote of that state was given against Hancock who would have received it if the election had been fair. The chief agent was afterwards given a grand dinner in New York. Such a thing would never have taken place but for that long tenure in office. It is only a question of time until the people will teach them a lesson that there are interests in our country besides those of republican rings and leaders and credit mobsters. [Applause.] I think the people are going to demonstrate that this year that the independent republicans

WILL CLASP HANDS with us to teach these men. This government does not belong to the republican party, but to the people of the United States. [Applause.] In Mr. Blaine's letter of acceptance the only civil service reform measure he urges is an increase in the length of time of republican office holders. [Laughter.] They have had the offices of the national government twenty three years, yet they are not satisfied and their candidate for the presidency advocates one civil service reform measure and that is to lengthen the terms of office. If I had time I would say something more about Blaine's letter of acceptance. Mr. Blaine devotes a large portion of his letter doubtless considered

THE MOST IMPORTANT PART to a discussion of the tariff until your tariff is nothing but tax and the term tariff is used to hide the fact that it is but tax. Blaine, in order to prove what immense benefit the protective tariff has been contracts what he calls the value of property in the United States as shown by the census in 1860 and 1880, and says look here, what an immense increase has taken place in twenty years, and more than intimates, almost distinctly declares, that the increase as shown by these census returns due the beneficent result of a

PROTECTIVE TARIFF, which prevailed during the period. He seems to have supposed that no man knew the country had increased in wealth but himself. Every intelligent man knows the increase between the years 1860 and 1880 was due to a former increase of currency. This was the greatest danger of the war. Flour, for instance, was twice as high as now. The apparent wealth of the country may be doubled and trebled, yet have not increased the real wealth of the country one dollar. Blaine says not a word of this. The explanation of the apparent increase of our wealth is plain. Is it tariff making land worth \$10 per acre in 1860 out here in the western states now sell at \$20 and \$30? Why, no; yet Blaine, who asks your vote for president, says so, I won't say willfully, and I will be charitable enough

SIXTH DISTRICT CANVASS.



More—Say, John, ain't you got about enough? J. B. E.—Nary time; can't see but twenty-three votes in Saline yet.

NOT TO SAY THROUGH IGNORANCE

to make the people of this country believe they are indebted to tariff for an immense increase in wealth. What has become of that wealth. Into whose pockets did it go? How much of it has gone into the pockets of the laboring men of this country? That is the question I would like for Mr. Blaine to answer. Why it is that every paper we pick up, if the laboring men got their share, contains accounts of strikes. [Applause.] Do laboring men throw down

TOOLS FOR PLEASURE? and have a strike and to hear the cries of their children for bread. [Applause.] If there is this immense increase of the wealth of the country, judging from the condition of the laboring man, I must say he surely has not got his share. [Cheers.] Judge Thurman had taken his seat when some one reminded him that he had said nothing for the candidates. He then came to the front of the platform and said: "I am not personally acquainted with Mr. Cleveland, yet I know a great many reliable men who are acquainted with him and they are men on whose word I can place entire confidence and by them I am told that

GOVERNOR CLEVELAND is democratic, died in the wool; that we can and will elect him president of the United States. I have been acquainted with Mr. Hendricks more than thirty years. He is a man of distinguished ability whose public services and public acts are as pure as those of any other man in this country."

The feature of the meeting was the radical free trade speech by L. A. Russell who spoke after A. J. Warner and just before G. L. Converse, who opposed the Morrison bill. Russell denounced all such congressmen and the audience appreciated his stand.

POLITICAL.

A Butler Boom.

Pittsburg, July 19.—Hon. Thomas A. Armstrong, editor of the Labor Tribune, was interviewed to-day. He said a movement was on foot by the leaders of the anti-monopoly and greenbackers' parties to inaugurate a new boom for Butler, which they predict will result in the organization of a new party, which will be composed of anti-monopolists, greenbackers and dissatisfied democrats and republicans. The exact mode of procedure has not been determined. One plan was to have a committee of representative men organized for the occasion to call a national convention, by means of a circular letter, and another was to have General Butler, after Cleveland's letter of acceptance is published, write a letter to the people of the country which will, in itself, call a convention. The headquarters of the movement are in Chicago and the leaders are confident of its success.

The Prohibitionists.

Pittsburg, July 19.—The prohibitionists are rapidly getting matters in shape for the meeting of the national convention to be held in this city next week. Col. Geo. Babcock and Mrs. Emily Pitt Stevens, of California, have arrived and are the advance courants of what it is hoped will be a boom for Dr. R. H. McDonald, of California. Delegates are not expected to arrive in any considerable numbers before Monday night or Tuesday morning. The executive committee will meet at the St. Charles hotel Tuesday at 2 p. m. and the national committee at the same place an hour later.

Very Able.

New York, July 19.—At the headquarters of the republican national committee to-day Blaine's letter of acceptance is regarded as a very able document. Secretary Teller, Samuel B. Derk, of Meadville, Pa., General John K. Wilson, W. E. Sims of Virginia, and W. D. Helm, of Washington, were among the callers.

A Dead Lock.

Erie, Pa., July 19.—The republican convention to nominate a congressman, which has been sitting at Warren for the past few days, has adjourned until next Wednesday. The dead lock continues, each county adhering to its candidate.

The Republican Fossil.

Long Branch, July 19.—Gen. Grant is residing here. He is still lame and unable to attend the national encampment of the Grand Army at Minneapolis next week.

A. O. Schubert.

Cincinnati, July 19.—A. C. Schubert, one of the largest retail cigar and tobacco houses in the city, assigned to-day. Its assets are \$15,000 to \$20,000. Liabilities, \$25,000.

Died of His Wounds.

Philadelphia, Pa., July 19.—John S. Sutton, shot by Joseph F. Songster ten days ago, died to-day. Songster was arrested.

TERRIBLE WRECK.

Two Hundred People Killed by a Wreck at Canton, Ohio.

The Sad Ending of the Aultman Company Picnic Excursion.

Only Meagre Particulars Obtainable Here Last Night.

FIRST DISPATCH.

Canton, O., July 19.—Aultman, Miller & Co., manufacturers of agricultural machinery, gave to-day an excursion to their employees, about two thousand people making the trip in a train with two sections. The first section returned all right, but the second was derailed three miles from here by the rails spreading, and nine coaches thrown from the track. Several are reported killed and more wounded. Particulars not yet obtained, on account of the location of the accident.

SECOND DISPATCH.

Pittsburg, July 19.—Intelligence just received from Canton, Ohio, says: This evening a train on the Connelton Valley railway, of sixteen cars containing the employees of the Aultman Agricultural works and their families who had been picnicing, was wrecked two miles east of Canton, O., and

TWO HUNDRED PERSONS KILLED and injured. The wreck was caused by a broken frog. The whole train left the track and rolled down a six foot embankment. Shortly before the accident occurred another train passed over the frog safely.

THIRD DISPATCH.

Pittsburg, July 19.—A Dispatch's Canton special says: A point on the Valley railroad two miles east of here to-night was the scene of a terrible wreck in which one thousand excursionists from this city miraculously escaped with injuries, so far as is known while it is thought half a dozen or more persons are

UNDER THE WRECK DEAD. The employees of the Aultman & Co., machine works had an annual picnic at Cuyahoga falls to-day and over 2,000 went on the excursion, made up of two trains of fifteen cars each. The first section arrived at Canton at 7:20 p. m. and while hundreds of fathers, brothers and sisters at the station were waiting for their friends and relatives on the second section

A HATLESS MESSENGER

came running down the track crying that the train had been wrecked and many killed and injured. The scene which followed was beyond description and when the wreck was reached men women and children

RAN AROUND RINGING THEIR HANDS and looking for their loved ones. Nine cars were off the track and in the water four feet deep. The cries of the injured were heartrending. Hundreds of willing hands immediately set to work and soon found that not more than twenty-five were injured, but it was impossible to say how many or who were killed. A dozen or more are missing and may be under the cars but nothing definite can be known until

THE WRECKING TRAIN HERIVES which is now on its way to the scene. A telegraph office has been opened at the scene and everything is being done to alleviate the sufferings of the injured.

THE LIST so far as can be learned, is as follows: Mary Schlumaska, aged 19, feet crushed and leg broken.

Albert Travel, aged 78, arm broken, chest crushed and back injured.

Ella Newman, aged 18, leg broken and internal injuries.

Mrs. A. Grovemiller, severe internal injuries.

Mrs. Walker Mosely, internal injuries.

Agnes Lippert, feet crushed.

Lena Hubecker, internal injuries.

Wm. Glass, spine injured.

Julius Hubecker, and wife, sustained internal injuries.

Irvin Shanafelt head cut.

Charles Hockman, head cut.

Mrs. Joseph Dick, internal injuries.

Harry Jiffe, aged 17, head cut and body crushed.

THE ENGINEER SAYS.

The wreck was caused by the track spreading. The engine went over all right, but the first car jumped the track and eight others followed. The train ran alongside of the track for 200 feet, throwing the occupants from one side to the other and finally jumped the small embankment and landed in three feet of water, the doors were cut open and the people got out. Three doctors are on the ground attending to the wounded, several of whom they say will probably die.

GREELY.

How the Brave Arctic Explorers are Progressing Towards Recovery.

Summer Suns and Summer Foliage, Give Them New Life.

They Will Start for Home Next Thursday or Friday.

St. Johns, N. F., July 19.—The following is the present disposition of the bodies of the victims of the Greely expedition in the respective steamships. In the tanks of the Thetes, are Lieut. Lockwood, sergeant Cross, Sergeant David Lynn, Sergeant H. Gardner, Private Snyder and Sergeant Isrill.

In the tanks of the Bearhold, are the remains of Lieut. Keslingbury, Dr. Bavy, Sergeant Jewell, Private Ellis, Sergeant Ralister, Corporal Joseph Ellison, Private Whistler and Frederick Christian.

Jans Edwards, Esquimaux, and Private Henry Benden have their graves amid the Arctic snows. The caskets for the deceased will be prepared by Thursday and the ships will sail Thursday night or Friday morning. Lieutenant Greely and men are

PROGRESSING FAVORABLY, Greely less so perhaps than the others; yesterday he exhibited symptoms of great fatigue and weakness and is talking too much and the constant interviewing operates unfavorably. He was taken out for a drive yesterday up the valley to Waterford bridge and gloated in the beautiful fertile summer prospects in marked contrast to the bleak sterilities of his so recent Arctic home.

These trees, he said, with exuberant enthusiasm, look so beautiful to an eye that has seen no vegetation for over three years.

THE GREEN FIELDS GIVE ME NEW LIFE.

Greely is the guest of the city private houses and carriages are at his disposal and every kindness and attention is paid him. Each member of the party forms the center of listening, admiring groups and goes over and over a recital of the terrible past. There will be memorial services for the dead in all the churches of the city to-morrow and commemoration sermons will be preached.

ORDERS TO SCHLEY.

Admiral Nichols, acting secretary of the navy, issued orders to Commander Schley this afternoon to remain at St. Johns as long as necessary to secure the encasing of the dead of the Greely party in caskets and then proceed with his three vessels, the Thetis, the Bear and the Alert, with the survivors and dead to Portsmouth, N. H., where he will await further orders and where the members of the Greely party and relief expedition can become acclimated before proceeding further south.

ANNOUNCED.

Gen. Hazen is annoyed by the criticisms which have been made respecting the non-establishment of a depot near Cape Sabine, upon the west coast of the channel, and has prepared the following memorandum in respect to the matter:

WAS GREELY'S OWN PLAN.

After a very careful and prolonged study of the whole subject, he not only made the whole plan before he started, but very carefully reiterated in writing, after reaching Lady Franklin bay, that the reason for this decision was that there was coal on the east side and none on the west. It was in the neighborhood of friendly Esquimaux, who did not live on the west side. On the east side there was abundant game while there was none on the west. Quite numerous camps of explorers had been established on the east side. They are never established on the west side because the west side was scarcely more than barren rocks. The pledge of their signal office to support Greely in exact accord with this arrangement was the most sacred any man could give and to have departed from it would have been

BASE TREACHERY.

This was done in every particular, retrospectively. One may now see other plans that might have been better, but in making personal judgments we must place ourselves in the position of Greely and those who were working with him three years ago, at the time he left the signal office condemned by the court of inquiry because it did not depart from this agreement so far as to establish a depot going up instead of coming down if it failed to reach Lady Franklin bay as Greely had directed, but it seems now that had it been done Greely could not have reached it, as explained in his dispatch, for reasons then not foreseen.

Prohibition Victorious.

Muscatine, Ia., July 19.—The first trial under the new prohibitory law in this county resulted in a victory for prohibition. The defendant, James Wier, a saloon keeper, was found guilty on two counts and fined in each to the full extent of the law. The case was fought inch by inch by the saloon men and was appealed to the district court. Similar cases are pending against four others. Wier reopened his saloon to-day.

Discharged.

Baltimore, July 19.—Judge Bond to-day in the United States circuit court, in the habeas corpus case of Deputy Marshals Beckett and Peacock rendered a decision discharging them from the custody of the sheriff of Hartford county who arrested them for contempt in disobeying an injunction issued by the circuit court of that county on the ground that the property claimed in the writ of replevin was in the custody of the United States court and not in that of the circuit court of Hartford county.

SPORTING.

Saratoga Races.

Saratoga, July 19.—First race, Penwick, first; Saunterer, second; Maid of Athens, third. Maid of Athens, Mammonist, Disturbance, Fellowplay and Jockey, in order giving betting nine to five against Penwick. After nine break aways Saunterer, Maid of Athens, Penwick and Fellowplay got in order. The favorite after going nearly a quarter of a mile, took the lead, followed by Saunterer and Penwick. A good race from the furlong pole between the three, resulting in Penwick's favor by half a length, two lengths between the second and third. Time, 1:02.

Second race, Traver's stakes; Rataplan, first; Blast, second; Tacoma, third; Grey-stone, last. Betting, five to four on the winner to five against Blast. Rataplan and Blast were in front throughout, the favorite making the play from the start to the finish and winning easily by two lengths; Blast four lengths in front of Tacoma. Time, 3:07.

Third race; Pearl Jennings, first; Navarro, second and Gano last. Betting, four to five against Pearl Jennings. Navarro made play from the start, followed by Pearl Jennings and Gano. The latter took second place along the back stretch with Pearl Jennings last. Navarro held his lead until a furlong from home, when Pearl Jennings came with a rush and holding her lead to the end and won easily by three lengths, a length between second and third. Time, 1:45.

Fourth race, Post Guard, first; Rienzi, second. Rienzi made the running until within a quarter of a mile from home, when Post Guard drew up and won a good race by a length. Time, 5:26.

Brighton Beach.

New York, July 19.—The Brighton Beach races were closely contested, and three of the five favorites defeated. The attendance was very large and track in good condition.

First race, for horses that have run at Brighton Beach in 1884, seven furlongs, Frankie B. won; Ganymede, second; Ten Strike, third. Time, 1:31.

Second race, selling allowances, three-quarters of a mile, Motalank won; Australis, second; Inconstant, third. Time, 1:17.

Third race, selling allowance three-fourths of a mile; Piffener won; Florence I. second; Sugar Plum third. Time, 1:18.

Fourth race, all ages, one and one-eighth miles; King Fan won; King Lyon second; Miss Brewster third. Time, 1:59.

Fifth race, for three-year-olds, one mile; Pollinarus won; Lewis second; John Redford third. Time, 1:47.

Monmouth Races.

Monmouth Park, July 19.—First race, for three-year-olds and upwards, allowances, one mile; Buckstone won; Newford second; Plunger third. Time, 1:45.

Second race, free handicap sweepstakes for two-year-olds, three-quarters of a mile; Cadence, a colt, won; Cricket second; Portion third. Time, 1:16.

Third race, the Harvest handicap, one and one-quarter miles; King Like won; Freegold second; Rica third. Time, 2:11.

Fourth race, free handicap sweepstakes, all ages, one mile and five furlongs; Trafalgar won; Euclid second; Royal Arch third. Time, 2:35.

Fifth race, Elberon stakes, handicap sweepstakes for gentlemen, riders or jockeys, three quarter mile. Jumbo won; Brunswick, second; Magenta colt, third. Time 1:18.

Sixth race, selling race, mile dash, Dank and Hartford run a dead heat; Lutestring, third. Time 1:45. Dank was second, he was withdrawn from run off and Hartford had a walkover.

Seventh race, handicap steeple chase, over a full course, Abraham won, Glenarn, second; Marshal, third. Time 5:10.

Chicago Races.

Chicago, July 19.—Driving park, mid summer meeting; weather warm; track fast; attendance good. First race, five furlongs; starters, Ultimatum, Alameda, Minichee, Toronto, Banana, Lady Craft, Gold Rush, Princess, Chuck, Germany, Mary Hamilton, Harpoon, Second, and Glen Rock. Toronto won as he pleased by six lengths; Hamilton (favorite) second; two lengths in front of Banana, third. Time, 1:02.

Second race, palmer house stakes, one mile; starters, John Davis, Ascender, Long Knight, Vallet, Labellen, Dick Brown and Adventurer. Long Knight and Vallet, favorites at even odds in pools made a close finish, the former winning by a neck; Brown a poor third. Time, 1:42.

Third race, handicap, mile and five hundred yards; starters, Evolve, Joqueta, Ada Ban, Lycurgus, Ballard, Chantilly, Bonnie Australia and Trix. Lycurgus won by a half length; Joqueta, second; Ballard, a poor third. Time, 2:13. The winner sold in the field; the mutuals paid nearly \$60.

Fourth race, one mile and a furlong, starters, Topsy, Revert, Mollie Davis and Allie. Topsy, favorite, won in hard half a length, Allie second, Revert a poor third. Time, 1:57.

Fifth race, one-fourth of a mile over hurdles. Starters, Bill Bird, Fisherman, Dechante, Corbett, Mulberton, Ascoti and Athelstone. Bird won by three lengths, Fisherman second same front, Ascoti third.

Base Ball Meeting.

Columbus, Ohio, July 19.—At a meeting of the American Associated base ball clubs held here to-day at which eleven clubs were represented, changes were made in some of the official umpires, several substitutes were appointed and several changes made in the playing rules. Stringent action was taken towards compelling umpires to umpire games according to established rules and not as interpreted by them.

From Greely.

Newburyport, Mass., July 19.—Jno. A. Greely has received the following: ST. JOHNS, N. F., July 19. Will be in New York about Aug. first. Shall spend quick leave in Newburyport this autumn. Perfectly well but weak. [Signed] A. W. GREELY.